

INGREDIENTS – ALK Body Wash

Aqua: Diluent

Sodium Laureth Sulfate: Plant-based surfactant with good foaming properties.

Cocamidopropyl Betaine: Surfactant derived from coconut oil with thickening and foaming properties. Can reduce the irritation potential of other surfactants.

Glycerin: In cosmetic products glycerin is used as a moisturizing agent due to its water-attracting properties. It makes skin feel smooth. Our glycerin is derived from vegetable fats and oils.

Sodium Cocoamphoacetate: A mild coconut oil-derived surfactant, foam booster and conditioning agent. Adds "slip" to the formula, making it glide smoothly on the skin.

PEG-4 Rapeseedamide: Mild plant-based surfactant with thickening and foam boosting abilities.

PEG-7 Glyceryl Cocoate: A plant-derived surface active agent with emollient and conditioning effects on the skin. It also has re-fattening properties.

Saccharide isomerate: Carbohydrate complex that resembles a carbohydrate complex found in human stratum corneum. Good water-binding agent and emollient for the skin, and particularly helpful for dry skin.

Citric acid: Citric acid is a weak organic acid that is used in low concentrations to stabilise the pH-value.

Sodium citrate: Sodium citrate is the sodium salt of citric acid. It is used in low concentrations to stabilise the pH-value.

Phenoxyethanol: Preservative that is considered one of the least sensitizing for use in cosmetic formulations.

Sodium Chloride: Thickening- and stabilising agent.

Guar Hydroxypropyltrimonium Chloride: Plant-derived polymer with good conditioning properties and thickening properties.

Sodium Benzoate: The sodium salt of benzoic acid that functions as a preservative.